

Load pin

Heavy Duty version with thin film technology from 10 kN

Models F5308 Standard, F53C8 Atex, F53S8 Safety version

WIKA data sheet FO 51.43



Applications

- Crane systems, hoists, offshore, mobile working machines
- Industrial weighing technology
- Machine building and plant construction, manufacturing automation
- Theatre and stage construction
- Chemistry and petrochemistry

Special features

- Measuring ranges from 0 ... 10 kN
- Corrosion-resistant stainless steel design
- Integrated amplifier
- High long-term stability, high shock and vibration resistance
- Good reproducibility, simple installation



Load pin, models F5308, F53C8, F53S8

Description

Load pins are suitable for static and dynamic measuring tasks as a replacement for non-measuring pins. They are used to determine the tension and/or compression forces under harsh operating conditions.

Such load pins are very often used in hoists and crane systems, e.g. in construction cranes or in harbour and offshore cranes. Appropriate technical and regional approvals are available as an option.

The load pins are made of high-strength, corrosion-resistant stainless steel 1.4542, whose properties are outstandingly suitable for the application areas.

Besides the standard active current and voltage outputs (4 ... 20 mA / 0 ... 10 V) also digital outputs (CANopen®) are available. Redundant output signals are possible.

The load pins are a part of our certified product ELMS1 overload protection (DIN EN ISO 13849-1 with PL d/Kat. 3).

Specifications in accordance with VDI/VDE/DKD 2638

Model	F5308	F53S8
Rated force F_{nom} kN	From 10	
Relative linearity error $d_{lin}^{1)}$	$\pm 1 \% F_{nom} / \pm 1.5 \% F_{nom}$	
Relative repeatability error in unchanged mounting position b_{rg}	$\pm 0.2 \% F_{nom}$	
Temperature effect on		
characteristic value TK_C	$0.2 \% F_{nom} / 10 \text{ K}$	
zero signal TK_0	$0.2 \% F_{nom} / 10 \text{ K}$	
Force limit F_L	$200 \% F_{nom}$	
Breaking force F_B	$500 \% F_{nom}$	
Shear force influence d_Q (Signal with $100 \% F_{nom}$ under 90°)	$\pm 5 \% F_{nom}$	
Rated displacement (typ.) s_{nom}	< 0.1 mm	
Material of measuring device	Stainless steel corrosion-resistant, ultrasonically tested 3.1 material (optional 3.2)	
Rated temperature $B_{T, nom}$	-20 ... +80 °C (Option: -40 ... +120 °C)	-20 ... +80 °C
Operating temperature $B_{T, G}$	-30 ... +80 °C (Option: -40 ... +80 °C)	-30 ... +80 °C
Storage temperature $B_{T, S}$	-40 ... +85 °C	
Electrical connection	Circular connector M 12x1, 4-pin or 5-pin CANopen®, Circular connector M 12x1, 5-pin MIL connector	2-circular connector M 12x1, 4-pin MIL connector
Output signal (rated output) C_{nom}	4 ... 20 mA, 2-wire, 4 ... 20 mA, 3-wire 4 ... 20 mA, redundant DC 0 ... 10 V, 3-wire 2 x DC 0 ... 10 V redundant CANopen® Protocol in accordance with CiA 301, device profile 404, communication services LSS (CiA 305), configuration of the instrument address and baud rate Sync/Async, Node/Lifeguarding, heartbeat; zero and span $\pm 10 \%$ adjustable via entries in the object directory ²⁾	Redundant, opposing 4 ... 20 mA, 3-wire/20 ... 4 mA, 3-wire versions in accordance with requirements for functional safety per 2006/42/EC Machinery Directive
Current consumption	Current output 4 ... 20 mA 2-wire: signal current Current output 4 ... 20 mA, 3-wire: < 8 mA Voltage output: < 8 mA CANopen®: < 1 W	< 8 mA per channel
Supply voltage	DC 10 ... 30 V for current output DC 14 ... 30 V for voltage output DC 12 ... 30 V for CANopen®	DC 10 ... 30 V
Burden	$\leq (UB-10 \text{ V})/0.024 \text{ A}$ for current output > 10 k Ω for voltage output	$\leq (UB-10 \text{ V})/0.020 \text{ A}$ (channel 1) $\leq (UB-7 \text{ V})/0.020 \text{ A}$ (channel 2)
Response time	$\leq 2 \text{ ms}$ (within 10 ... 90 % F_{nom}) ³⁾	
Protection (acc. to EN/IEC 60529)		
unplugged condition	IP66, IP67	IP67
plugged condition	IP68, IP69, IP69K	
Electrical protection	Reverse voltage, overvoltage and short-circuit protection	
Vibration resistance	20 g, 100 h, 50...150 Hz (acc. to DIN EN 60068-2-6)	
Noise emission	DIN EN 55011	
Noise immunity	DIN EN 61326-1/DIN EN 61326-2-3 (optional EMC-strengthened versions)	
Intended use	For indoor and outdoor use, at altitudes of up to 2,500 m above sea level	
Optional	Certificates, strength verifications, 3D-CAD files (STEP, IGES) on request	

1) Relative linearity error acc. to VDI/VDE/DKD 2638 chap. 3.2.6.

2) Protocol acc. to CiA DS-301 V.402. Device profile DS-404 V. 1.2.

3) Other response times are available on request.

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Model	F53C1 ATEX/IECEX EX ib ¹⁾	F53C8 ATEX/IECEX Ex d	F5308 signal jump
Rated force F_{nom} kN	From 10		
Relative linearity error d_{lin} ²⁾	$\pm 1 \% F_{nom} / \pm 1.5 \% F_{nom}$		
Relative repeatability error in unchanged mounting position b_{rg}	$\pm 0.2 \% F_{nom}$		
Temperature effect on			
characteristic value TK_c	0.2 % $F_{nom}/10$ K		
zero signal TK_0	0.2 % $F_{nom}/10$ K		
Force limit F_L	200 % F_{nom}		
Breaking force F_B	500 % F_{nom}		
Shear force influence d_Q (Signal with 100% F_{nom} under 90°) ³⁾	$\pm 5 \% F_{nom}$		
Rated displacement (typ.) s_{nom}	< 0.1 mm		
Material of measuring device	Stainless steel corrosion-resistant, ultrasonically tested 3.1 material (optional 3.2)		
Rated temperature $B_{T, nom}$	-20 ... +80 °C		
Operating temperature $B_{T, G}$	Ex II 2G Ex ib IIC T4 Gb -25 °C < Tamb < +85 °C Ex II 2G Ex ib IIC T3 Gb -25 °C < Tamb < +100 °C Ex I M2 Ex ib I Mb -25 °C < Tamb < +85 °C Ex II 2G Ex ib IIC T4 Gb -40 °C < Tamb < +85 °C Ex I M2 Ex ib I Mb (for cabel connection only)	Ex II 2G Ex d IIC T4 Gb -40 °C < Tamb < +85 °C	-30 ... +80 °C
Storage temperature $B_{T, S}$	-40 ... +85 °C		
Electrical connection	Circular connector M 12x1, 4-pin MIL connector Cable gland	Cable gland (cables which approved for ATEX/IECEX Ex d)	Circular connector M 12x1, 4-pin Cable gland
Output signal (rated output) C_{nom}	4 ... 20 mA, 2-wire	4 ... 20 mA, 2-wire 4 ... 20 mA, 3-wire	4 ... 16 mA, 2-wire ⁴⁾ DC 2 ... 8 V, 3-wire ⁴⁾
Current consumption	Current output 4 ... 20 mA 2-wire: signal current	Current output 4 ... 20 mA, 2-wire: signal current, Current output 4 ... 20 mA, 3-wire: < 8 mA	Current output 4 ... 20 mA, 2-wire: signal current, Current output 4 ... 20 mA, 3-wire: < 8 mA, Voltage output: < 8 mA
Supply voltage	DC 10 ... 30 V for current output		DC 10 ... 30 V for current output DC 14 ... 30 V for voltage output
Burden	< (UB-10 V)/0,024 A for current output > 10 kΩ for voltage output		
Response time	≤ 2 ms (whitin 10 ... 90 % F_{nom}) ⁵⁾		
Protection (acc. to EN/IEC 60529)	IP67		
Electrical protection	Reverse voltage, overvoltage and short-circuit protection		
Vibration resistance	20 g, 100 h, 50...150 Hz acc. to DIN EN 60068-2-6		
Noise emission	DIN EN 55011		
Noise immunity	DIN EN 61326-1/DIN EN 61326-2-3 (optional EMC-strengthened versions)		
Optional	Certificates, strength verifications, 3D-CAD files (STEP, IGES)		
Certificates (optional)	ATEX: acc. to EN 60079-0:2012 and EN 60079-11:2012 (Ex ib) IECEX: acc. to IEC 60079-0:2011 (Ed.6) and IEC 60079-11:2011 (Ed. 6) (Ex ib) UL: acc. to UL 61010-1 and CSA C22.2 NO. 61010-1 DNV, standard: DNV-ST-0377 or DNV, standard: DNV-ST-0378		

1) The load pins with ignition protection type "ib" must only be supplied using galvanically-isolated power supplies. Suitable supply isolators are also optionally available eg. 14255084.







2) Relative linearity error acc. to VDI/VDE/DKD 2638 chap. 3.2.6.

3) This value can be reached when 100 % F_{nom} act. 90° rotated to the axis.

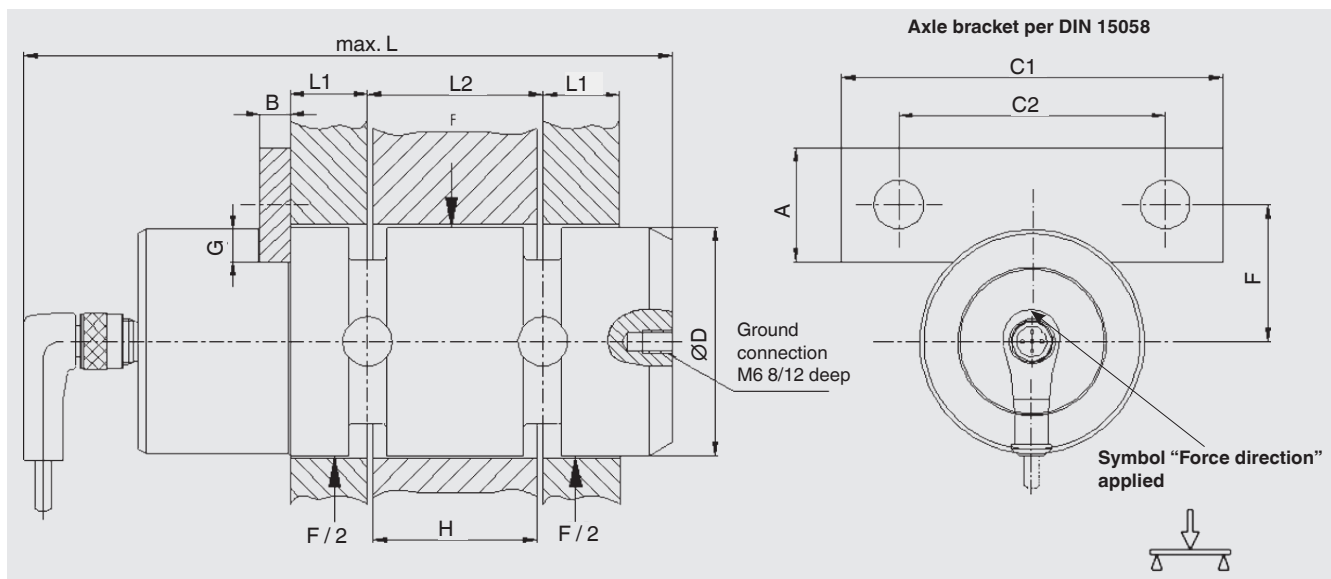
4) Other signal jumps are available on request.

5) Other response times are available on request.

Approvals

Logo	Description	Region
	EU declaration of conformity <ul style="list-style-type: none"> EMC directive RoHS directive 	European Union
	ATEX directive (option) Please note the additional information for Ex devices Hazardous areas Ex ib Ex II 2G Ex ib IIC T4 Gb $-25\text{ °C} < T_{\text{amb}} < +85\text{ °C}$ Ex II 2G Ex ib IIC T3 Gb $-25\text{ °C} < T_{\text{amb}} < +100\text{ °C}$ Ex I M2 Ex ib I Mb $-25\text{ °C} < T_{\text{amb}} < +85\text{ °C}$ Ex II 2G Ex ib IIC T4 Gb $-40\text{ °C} < T_{\text{amb}} < +85\text{ °C}$ I M2 Ex ib I Mb (only available with cable connection)	European Union
	IECEX (option) Hazardous areas Ex ib Ex ib IIC T4/T3 Gb $-25\text{ °C} < T_{\text{amb}} < +85\text{ °C}$ Ex ib IIC T4 Gb $-25\text{ °C} < T_{\text{amb}} < +100\text{ °C}$ Ex ib I Mb $-25\text{ °C} < T_{\text{amb}} < +85\text{ °C}$ Ex ib IIC T4 Gb $-40\text{ °C} < T_{\text{amb}} < +85\text{ °C}$	International
	UL <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Component approval 	USA and Canada
	DNV (Option) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ships, shipbuilding (e.g. offshore) 	International
	EAC <ul style="list-style-type: none"> EMC directive 	Eurasian Economic Community

Mounting situation of the load pin

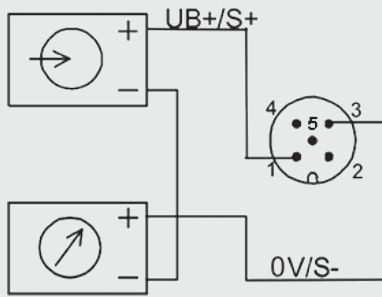


Dimensions: The customer-specific load pin drawing for the specific article number applies above all.
 For the F5308, F53C8, F53S8 series, there are no standard dimensions. All dimensions in mm.

Pin assignment analogue output

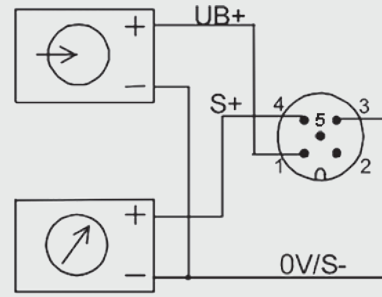
4 ... 20 mA output, 2-wire

Circular connector M12 x 1, 5-pin



0 ... 10 V output, 3-wire

Circular connector M12 x 1, 5-pin



Circular connector M12 x 1, 5-pin

	4 ... 20 mA 2-wire	4 ... 20 mA 3-wire	0 ... 10 V 3-wire
Supply UB+	1	1	1
Supply 0V/UB-	3	3	3
Signal S+	1	4	4
Signal S-	3	3	3
Screen ⊕	Case	Case	Case

Cable outlet

Cable colour	2-wire	3-wire
Brown	UB+/S+	UB+
White	-	-
Blue	0V/S-	0V/S-
Black	-	S+

Only when using the standard cable,

e.g. item number: 14259454 - Pre-assembled cable, Data sheet: DS_AC50.08

Pin assignment ATEX/IECEx

Circular connector M12 x 1, 4-pin

	ATEX Ex ib 4...20 mA, 2-wire
Supply UB+	1
Supply 0V/UB-	3
Signal S+	1
Signal S-	3
Screen ⊕	Case

Cable outlet

Cable colour	2-wire
Brown	UB+/S+
White	-
Blue	0V/S-
Black	-

Only when using the standard cable,

e.g. item number: 14259454 - Pre-assembled cable, Data sheet: DS_AC50.08

Pin assignment signal jump

Circular connector M12 x 1, 4-pin

	4...20 mA 2-wire	4...20 mA 3-wire	0...10 V 3-wire
Supply UB+	1	1	1
Supply 0V/UB-	3	3	3
Relay UR+	2	2	2
Relay UR-	4	3	3
Signal S+	1	4	4
Signal S-	3	3	3
Screen ⊕	Case	Case	Case

Cable outlet

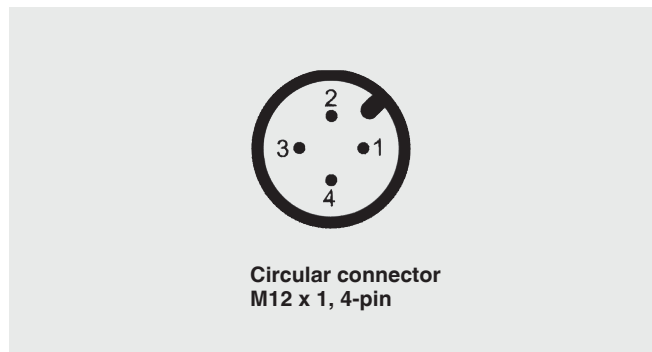
Cable colour	2-wire	3-wire
Brown	UB+/S+	UB+
White	UR+	UR+
Blue	0V/S-	0V/S-/UR-
Black	UR-	S+

Only when using the standard cable,

e.g. item number: 14259454 - Pre-assembled cable, Data sheet: DS_AC50.08

Pin assignment, analogue output, redundant, opposing

Circular connector M12 x 1, 4-pin		
	4 ... 20 mA, 3-wire/20 ... 4 mA, 3-wire (redundant)	
	Connector 1	Connector 2
Supply UB+	1	1
Supply 0V/UB-	3	3
Signal channel 1	4	-
Signal channel 2	-	4
Screen ⊕	Case	Case

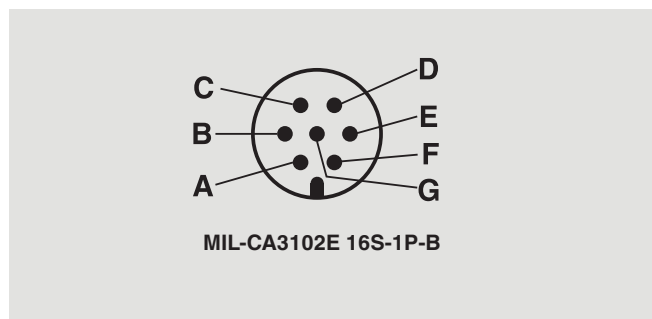


2-connector variant, for example, in combination with ELMS1 overload protection (F53S8).

Version in accordance with requirements for functional safety per 2006/42/EC Machinery Directive.

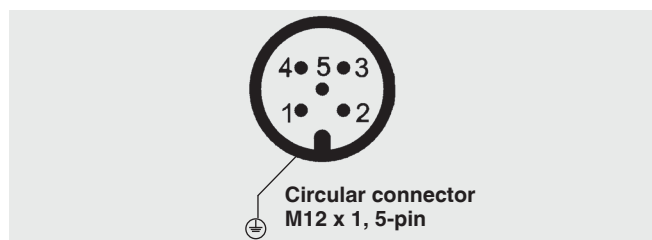
Pin assignment, analogue output with MIL connector

MIL	mA/V 3-wire		mA/V 2-wire	
A	UB+	Channel 1	UB+ / S+	Channel 1
C	0V / S-		0V / S-	
D	S+		UB+ / S+	Channel 2
B	UB+	Channel 2	-	-
E	0V / S-		-	
F	S+		0V / S-	Channel 2
G	-		-	-
Screen ⊕	Case		Case	-



Pin assignment CANopen®

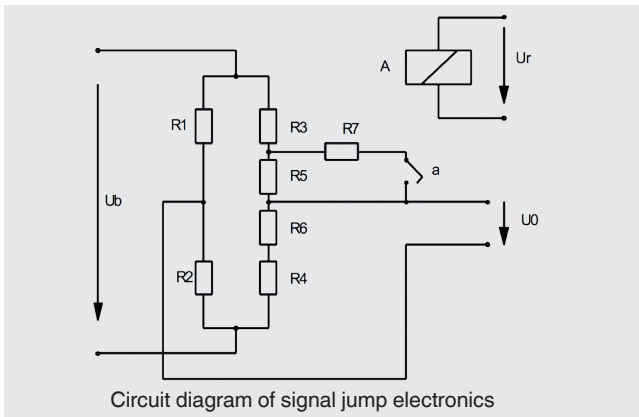
Circular connector M12 x 1, 5-pin	
Screen ⊕	1
Supply UB+ (CAN V+)	2
Supply UB- (CAN GND)	3
Bus-Signal CAN-High	4
Bus-Signal CAN-Low	5



Connect the cable shield to the force transducer housing. In the case of accessory cables, the cable shield must be connected with the knurled nut and thus connected to the housing of the force transducer. When extending, only shielded and low capacitance cables should be used. The permitted maximum and minimum lengths of the cable are specified in ISO 11898-2. A high-quality connection of the shielding must also be ensured.

Short description of signal jump electronics

Amplifier electronics 4 ... 20 mA or 0 ... 10 V for signal jump applications with 2-channel PC control



These force transducers are working with four variable resistors (R1 ... R4) connected to a Wheatstone Bridge. Caused by deformation of the body the respective opposite resistors are lengthened or compressed in the same way. This results in an unbalanced bridge and a diagonal voltage U_0 .

This well proven design has been amended by an additional resistor R7 in order to monitor the condition of the amplifier unit and signal path. This resistor is connected as a shunt to resistor R5 by a relay contact (a) as soon as an excitation voltage U_r appears at relay A. The connection of resistor R7 will always result in a defined unbalancing of the zero point (diagonal voltage) of the Wheatstone Bridge.

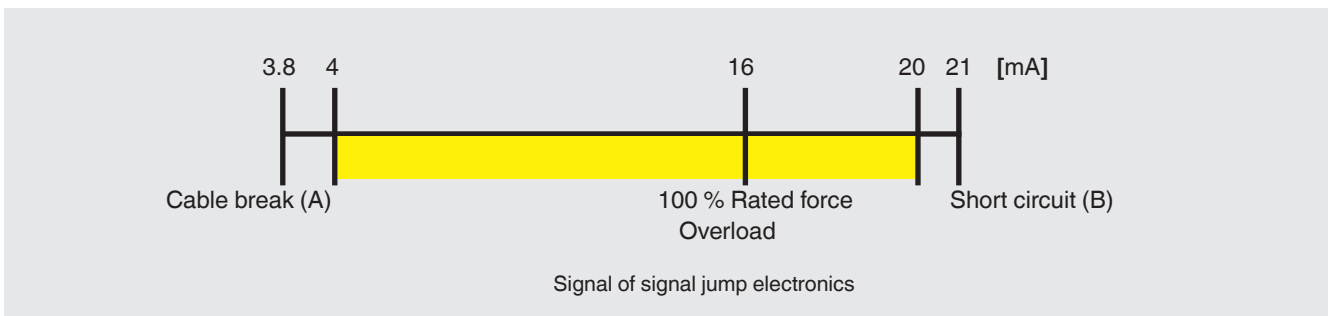
Compliance with functional safety

An external safety controller independently of the force transducer must monitor the safe functioning of the force transducer. The function test with a signal jump of 4 mA / 2 V is generated at a 24-hour interval. The safety controller activates relay A and thus defines the output signal of the force transducer.

If the expected change in the output signal occurs, it can be assumed that the entire signal path of the Wheatstone bridge via the amplifier to the output functions correctly.

If it does not occur, an error in this signal path can be concluded. Furthermore, the measuring signal is to be checked by the safety controller for the Min- (A) and Max- (B) signal values in order to detect a possibly arising line break or short circuit.

The standard adjustment of force transducers with current output 4 ... 20 mA for overload control is e.g.:



With a fixed signal level of, for example, 4 mA, the testing cycle can be triggered in every operating status upon activation of the check relays. The measurement's upper limit

of 20 mA will not be reached. This enables a check of the signal level.

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